Name	Class	Date		
Traine.	Class.	Date.		
		Mark	/ 15	9

[1]

[1]

1) Find the value of *x*, giving a reason for your answer.



2) Find the value of *x*, giving a reason for your answer.

14 x

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3) Find the value of *x*, giving a reason for your answer.



4) Find the value of *x*, giving a reason for your answer.



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5) Find the value of *d*, giving a reason for your answer.

[1]

[1]



6) Find the value of *x*, giving a reason for your answer.



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7) Find the value of *x*, giving a reason for your answer.



8) Find the value of *x*, giving a reason for your answer.



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9) Find the value of *x*, giving reasons for your answer.



10) Find the value of x, giving reasons for your answer.



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11) Find the value of *x*, giving a reason for your answer.



12) Find the supplement of the following angle

[1]

[1]



13) Find the value of a, giving a reason for your answer.



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14) Find the value of *a*, giving a reason for your answer.



15) Find the value of a, giving a reason for your answer.



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Solutions for the assessment Basic Angle Rules - reasons required in answers

1) $x = 14^{\circ}$ (Angles in a right-angle sum to 90°)	2) $x = 166^{\circ}$ (Angles on a straight line sum to 180°)
3) $x = 117^{\circ}$ (Angles at a point sum to 360)	4) $x = 114^{\circ}$ (Vertically opposite angles are equal)
5) $d = 60^{\circ}$ (Angles in an equilateral triangle are equal)	6) $x = 38^{\circ}$ (Angle sum of a triangle is 180°)
7) $x = 47^{\circ}$ (Angle sum of a triangle is 180°)	8) $x = 65^{\circ}$ (Two equal angles in isosceles triangle)
9) $x = 71.5^{\circ}$ (Isosceles triangle and angle sum of a triangle)	10) $x = 20^{\circ}$ (Isosceles triangle and angle sum of a triangle)
11) $x = 53^{\circ}$ (Angle sum of a quadrilateral is 360°)	12) 169°
13) $a = 170^{\circ}$ (Alternate angles are equal)	14) $a = 150^{\circ}$ (Corresponding angles are equal)

15) $a = 160^{\circ}$ (Co-interior angles sum to 180°)